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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/680,107	10/04/2000	Glenn Reid	004860.P2476	8211
75	03/07/2006		EXAM	INER
Lisa Benado			WANG, JIN CHENG	
Blakely Sokoloff Taylor & Zafman LLP			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
12400 Wilshire Boulevard			ARTONII	TALER NOMBER
Seventh Floor			2672	
Los Angeles, CA 90025-1026			DATE MAILED: 03/07/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/680,107	REID, GLENN
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Jin-Cheng Wang	2672
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim  iill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from  cause the application to become ABANDONEI	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>23 Ja</u> This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This     Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4)  Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 1-26 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.	
Application Papers		·
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the l drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Sec ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5)  Notice of Informal F 6)  Other:	

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Amendment

Applicant's submission filed on 1/23/2006 has been entered. Claims 1, 8, 15, and 21 have been amended. Claims 1-26 are pending in the present application.

### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 1 and similar claims have been considered but are not moot in view of the new ground of rejection based on Sahoo U.S. Patent No. 6,803,927 (hereinafter Sahoo).

As addessed in the present Office Action, Sahoo teaches the claim limitation.

Sahoo discloses in column 1 that a word processing program is used to create a document wherein the document can include an object such as a spreadsheet object created using a spreadsheet program and wherein a user is editing the document and the user may want to edit, modify, display or print the spreadsheet object when the spreadsheet program is not available.

In column 1, lines 50-51, it is stated, "Manipulation operations are performed on the created intelligent proxy object and data relating to the performed manipulation operations is stored." In column 2, lines 55-60, it is stated, "the present invention invokes an intelligent proxy object generator to generate intelligent proxy objects for **modifying**, **displaying or plotting the custom objects**. It is possible that the drawing file for a custom object will be opened when the object-controlling application program for the custom object is not available. When the object-controlling application program is not available, the parent application program invokes the intelligent proxy object generator 118 to create an intelligent proxy object as a placeholder for

box 400.

the custom object. Column 3, lines 65-67 and column 4, lines 1-67. When a drawing file is opened, the displaying of intelligent proxy objects is controlled by the PROXYGRAPHICS variable which controls how the metafile geometry will be displayed to the user. When the intelligent proxy object generator 118 is invoked, the intelligent proxy object generator 118 displays intelligent proxy objects in place of custom objects. In column 5, lines 29-45, the intelligent proxy object generator 118 waits for a message to edit the intelligent proxy object. The messages are typically editing operations such as modifying, displaying or printing the text of the object. Sahoo discloses that the editing operation is specified by the message and the intelligent proxy object recording information about the editing operation it performs. Sahoo further discloses the intelligent proxy object generator 118 attaches chunks of data to a particular object and each of the relevant messages that an intelligent proxy object receives is encoded and stored as part of the intelligent proxy object data; see column 6, lines 30-54. Moreover, Fig. 4 shows how proxy graphics should be displayed in the proxy information dialog

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#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-5, 8-12, 15-18, 21-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Sahoo U.S. Patent No. 6,803,927 (hereinafter Sahoo).

# 1. Re Claims 1, 8, 15, 21:

Sahoo teaches a method of manipulating a presentation of a time based stream of information in a processing system, the method comprising:

A) Adding an edit feature to the presentation to create a revised presentation in response to a user edit command (e.g., In column 1, lines 50-51, it is stated, "Manipulation operations are performed on the created intelligent proxy object and data relating to the performed manipulation operations is stored." In column 2, lines 55-60, it is stated, "the present invention invokes an intelligent proxy object generator to generate intelligent proxy objects for modifying, displaying or plotting the custom objects. It is possible that the drawing file for a custom object will be opened when the object-controlling application program for the custom object is not available. When the object-controlling application program is not available, the parent application program invokes the intelligent proxy object generator 118 to create an intelligent proxy object as a placeholder for the custom object. Column 3, lines 65-67 and column 4, lines 1-67. When a drawing file is opened, the displaying of intelligent proxy objects is controlled by the PROXYGRAPHICS variable which controls how the metafile geometry will be displayed to the user. When the intelligent proxy object generator 118 is invoked, the intelligent proxy object generator 118 displays intelligent proxy objects in place of custom objects. In column 5, lines 29-45, the intelligent proxy object generator 118 waits for a message to edit the intelligent proxy object. The messages are typically editing operations such as

modifying, displaying or printing the text of the object. Sahoo discloses that the editing operation is specified by the message and the intelligent proxy object recording information about the editing operation it performs. Sahoo further discloses the intelligent proxy object generator 118 attaches chunks of data to a particular object and each of the relevant messages that an intelligent proxy object receives is encoded and stored as part of the intelligent proxy object data; see column 6, lines 30-54. Moreover, Fig. 4 shows how proxy graphics should be displayed in the proxy information dialog box 400), and

B) Creating a proxy (creating includes creating a proxy, generating and saving/storing the proxy of the revised presentation) that includes a simulation of the revised presentation and displaying the proxy during the adding (e.g., In column 1, lines 50-51, it is stated, "Manipulation operations are performed on the created intelligent proxy object and data relating to the performed manipulation operations is stored." In column 2, lines 55-60, it is stated, "the present invention invokes an intelligent proxy object generator to generate intelligent proxy objects for modifying, displaying or plotting the custom objects. It is possible that the drawing file for a custom object will be opened when the object-controlling application program for the custom object is not available. When the object-controlling application program is not available, the parent application program invokes the intelligent proxy object generator 118 to create an intelligent proxy object as a placeholder for the custom object. Column 3, lines 65-67 and column 4, lines 1-67. When a drawing file is opened, the displaying of intelligent proxy objects is controlled by the PROXYGRAPHICS variable which controls how the metafile geometry will be displayed to the user. When the intelligent proxy object generator 118 is invoked, the intelligent proxy object generator 118 displays intelligent proxy objects in place of

custom objects. In column 5, lines 29-45, the intelligent proxy object generator 118 waits for a message to edit the intelligent proxy object. The messages are typically editing operations such as modifying, displaying or printing the text of the object. Sahoo discloses that the editing operation is specified by the message and the intelligent proxy object recording information about the editing operation it performs. Sahoo further discloses the intelligent proxy object generator 118 attaches chunks of data to a particular object and each of the relevant messages that an intelligent proxy object receives is encoded and stored as part of the intelligent proxy object data; see column 6, lines 30-54. Moreover, Fig. 4 shows how proxy graphics should be displayed in the proxy information dialog box 400).

## Re Claims 2, 9, 16, 22:

The claims recite additional claimed limitation of displaying units of the presentation in response to the user edit command and sending instructions for creating the proxy when a unit requiring modification is reached. However, e.g., In column 1, lines 50-51, it is stated, "Manipulation operations are performed on the created intelligent proxy object and data relating to the performed manipulation operations is stored." In column 2, lines 55-60, it is stated, "the present invention invokes an intelligent proxy object generator to generate intelligent proxy objects for modifying, displaying or plotting the custom objects. It is possible that the drawing file for a custom object will be opened when the object-controlling application program for the custom object is not available. When the object-controlling application program is not available, the parent application program invokes the intelligent proxy object generator 118 to create an intelligent proxy object as a placeholder for the custom object. Column 3, lines

65-67 and column 4, lines 1-67. When a drawing file is opened, the displaying of intelligent proxy objects is controlled by the PROXYGRAPHICS variable which controls how the metafile geometry will be displayed to the user. When the intelligent proxy object generator 118 is invoked, the intelligent proxy object generator 118 displays intelligent proxy objects in place of custom objects. In column 5, lines 29-45, the intelligent proxy object generator 118 waits for a message to edit the intelligent proxy object. The messages are typically editing operations such as modifying, displaying or printing the text of the object. Sahoo discloses that the editing operation is specified by the message and the intelligent proxy object recording information about the editing operation it performs. Sahoo further discloses the intelligent proxy object generator 118 attaches chunks of data to a particular object and each of the relevant messages that an intelligent proxy object receives is encoded and stored as part of the intelligent proxy object data; see column 6, lines 30-54. Moreover, Fig. 4 shows how proxy graphics should be displayed in the proxy information dialog box 400.

Re Claims 3, 10, 17, 23:

The claims recite additional limitation of creating proxy by drawing an imitation of the edit feature. In column 1, lines 50-51, it is stated, "Manipulation operations are performed on the created intelligent proxy object and data relating to the performed manipulation operations is stored." In column 2, lines 55-60, it is stated, "the present invention invokes an intelligent proxy object generator to generate intelligent proxy objects for modifying, displaying or plotting the custom objects. It is possible that the drawing file for a custom object will be opened when the object-controlling application program for the custom object is not available. When the object-controlling application program is not available, the parent application program invokes

the intelligent proxy object generator 118 to create an intelligent proxy object as a placeholder for the custom object. Column 3, lines 65-67 and column 4, lines 1-67. When a drawing file is opened, the displaying of intelligent proxy objects is controlled by the PROXYGRAPHICS variable which controls how the metafile geometry will be displayed to the user. When the intelligent proxy object generator 118 is invoked, the intelligent proxy object generator 118 displays intelligent proxy objects in place of custom objects. In column 5, lines 29-45, the intelligent proxy object generator 118 waits for a message to edit the intelligent proxy object. The messages are typically editing operations such as modifying, displaying or printing the text of the object. Sahoo discloses that the editing operation is specified by the message and the intelligent proxy object recording information about the editing operation it performs. Sahoo further discloses the intelligent proxy object generator 118 attaches chunks of data to a particular object and each of the relevant messages that an intelligent proxy object receives is encoded and stored as part of the intelligent proxy object data; see column 6, lines 30-54. Moreover, Fig. 4 shows how proxy graphics should be displayed in the proxy information dialog box 400.

Re Claims 4, 11, 18, 24:

The claims recite additional claimed limitation of the edit feature being text and the imitation including simulated character, size and font. However, Sahoo further discloses in column 5, lines 29-45, the intelligent proxy object generator 118 waits for a message to edit the intelligent proxy object. The messages are typically editing operations such as modifying, displaying or printing the text of the object. Sahoo discloses that the editing operation is

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specified by the message and the intelligent proxy object recording information about the

editing operation it performs.

Re Claims 5, 12 and 25:

The claim 5 encompasses the same scope of invention as that of claim 1 except additional claimed limitation of a first software component having instructions for adding the edit feature and the first software component being separate from a second software component that has instructions for creating the proxy. However, Sahoo discloses the intelligent proxy object generator 118; column 4, lines 30-36 for creating the proxy, wherein the intelligent proxy objects in place of custom objects are displayed; column 4, lines 60-65 and the parent application program 116 for adding the edit feature; column 4, lines 1-5.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 6-7, 13-14, 19-20 and 25-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sahoo U.S. Patent No. 6,803,927 (hereinafter Sahoo) in view of Scott U.S. Patent No. 5,638,504 (hereinafter Scott).

Re Claims 6, 13, 19 and 25:

The claim 6 encompasses the same scope of invention as that of claim 5 except additional claimed limitation of the second software unit being a plug-in or ActiveX control.

Sahoo is silent to the claimed limitation of the second software unit being a plug-in or ActiveX control.

However, Scott discloses a plug-in function block 440 for creating a proxy (Fig. 8) in addition to the other function blocks.

It would have been obvious to have incorporated Scott's plug-in into Sahoo at the time of the invention was made because such software for creating proxy is old and well-known in the document processing art. Moreover, Sahoo discloses API (plug-in) through which application developers can create and maintain an entry for their object-controlling application programs in the parent application program's section of the registry (column 4) and the parent application program 116 controls a tab dialog 400 (Fig. 4) and therefore suggesting an obvious modification.

One of the ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to include plug-in so that individual editing operations can be specified to which an intelligent proxy object can respond (column 5, lines 40-45).

Re Claims 7, 14, 20 and 26:

The claims set forth additional claim limitation of displaying of the proxy at a rate that is substantially less than the play rate of the time-based stream of information.

Sahoo is silent to the claim limitation of displaying of the proxy at a rate that is substantially less than the play rate of the time-based stream of information.

However, Scott also discloses displaying the proxy as a graphical icon which is displayed at a rate that is substantially less than the play rate of the window for presenting the document information (column 15-16).

It would have been obvious to have incorporated Scott's invention into Sahoo's invention because displaying the proxy at a rate substantially less than the play rate of the time-based stream of information is old and well-known in the document processing art at the time of the claimed invention was made as Scott discloses displaying the proxy basically as a static icon which is displayed substantially less than the play rate of the window for presenting the document information. Moreover, Sahoo discloses editing operations on the intelligent proxy object (column 5, lines 30-33 and 40-45) wherein the time-based stream of information of the intelligent proxy document information are updated more often than the creating/storing of the proxy object because the storing and creation of the proxy object is done after the editing operations are completed and therefore suggesting an obvious modification.

One of the ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to have modified Sahoo's invention so that the proxy object is updated less than the time-based stream of information in which the editing operations are performed (Sahoo column 5).

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an

international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1,8, 15 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Phillips U.S. Patent No. 6,504,552 (hereinafter Phillips).

# 2. Re Claims 1, 8, 15, 21:

Phillips teaches a method of manipulating a presentation of a time based stream of information in a processing system, the method comprising:

- A) Adding an edit feature to the presentation to create a revised presentation in response to a user edit command (e.g., Phillips discloses adding the special effects to a low resolution video 335 in response to a user edit command; column 9, lines 5-20 and 14, lines 10-20), and
- B) Creating a proxy that includes a simulation of the revised presentation and displaying the proxy during the adding (Phillips discloses rendering special effects on a low resolution video frame and the modified low resolution video frame is a proxy of the revised presentation because it has the new special effects being added into it. Phillips discloses editing special effects on a frame of video image 335 generated/created by the compositor 330 or rendering the special effects on a frame of low resolution video images 424 generated by DNLE 420 so that artist 120 can view the special effects displayed in images 424 to determine if the rendering is satisfactory and such editing of the special effects are viewed and displayed on a low resolution image frame which is a proxy of high resolution image frame. Phillips discloses that the artist 120 recreates the special effects by viewing low-resolution video proxy images 335 and

translation of the renderings of artist 120 with reference to video proxy images 335 and the compositor 330 uses data to generate high-resolution images with special effects; the rendering of the low resolution image frame or proxy of the revised presentation with the special effects being added is performed during the editing of the special effects and the displaying of the low resolution image frame or proxy of the revised presentation with the special effects being added is performed during the editing of the special effects; see column 11, lines 60-67, column 12, lines 1-26 and column 14, lines 10-20).

#### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jin-Cheng Wang whose telephone number is (571) 272-7665. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 - 6:30 (Mon-Thu).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mike Razavi can be reached on (571) 272-7664. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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